NO.F.1-11(8)-TAX/GST/2020[3373-185

GOVERNMENT OF TRIPURA

OFFICE OF THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF STATE TAX PANDIT NEHRU COMPLEX. GURKHABASTI AGARTALA, TRIPURA WEST, PIN-799006.

Dated, Agartala, the 28/04/2020.

Circular No. 08/2020 - GST (State)

То The Additional Commissioner of State Tax/ Deputy Commissioner of State Tax/ Assistant Commissioner of State Tax (CDC)/ Superintendent of State Tax (All)/ Inspector of State Tax (All)

Subject: Clarification in respect of certain challenges faced by the registered persons in implementation of provisions of GST Laws-reg.

The Department of Revenue, Central Board of Indirect Taxes and Customs, GST Policy Wing vide Circular No. 137/07/2020-GST dated 13th April, 2020 has issued a clarification in respect of certain challenges faced by the registered persons in implementation of provisions of GST Laws, in order to ensure uniformity in the implementation of the provisions of law across the field formations, which is annexed herewith.

In exercise of powers conferred by section 168 of the Tripura State Goods and Services Tax Act. 2017 (Tripura Act No. 9 of 2017) for the purpose of uniformity in the implementation of the Act it is instructed to follow the clarification issued vide Circular No. 137/07/2020-GST dated 13th April, 2020 by the Department of Revenue, Central Board of Indirect Taxes and Customs, GST Policy Wing.

Enclo.: Circular No. 137/07/2020 GST.

(Nagesh Kumar B, IAS) Chief Commissioner of State Tax Government of Tripura

Copy to:

- The P.S. to the Chief Secretary. Finance, Government of Tripura for favour of kind information to the Chief Secretary, Finance.
- The P.S. to the Secretary, Finance, Government of Tripura for favour of kind information to the Secretary, Finance.
- The Assistant Statistical Officer, Statistical Section, O/o the Commissioner of Taxes & Excise. Agartala with request to upload the Circular in the Official website www.tripurataxes.nic.in.
- 4. Guard File.

(Nagesh Kumar B, IAS) Chief Commissioner of State Tax Government of Tripura



CBEC-20/06/04-2020 -GST Government of India Ministry of Finance Department of Revenue Central Board of Indirect Taxes and Customs GST Policy Wing

New Delhi, dated the 13th April, 2020

То

The Principal Chief Commissioners / Chief Commissioners / Principal Commissioners / Commissioners of Central Tax (All)

The Principal Director Generals / Director Generals (All)

Madam/Sir.

Subject: Clarification in respect of certain challenges faced by the registered persons in implementation of provisions of GST Laws-reg.

Circular No.136/06/2020-GST, dated 03.04.2020 had been issued to clarify doubts regarding relief measures taken by the Government for facilitating taxpayers in meeting the compliance requirements under various provisions of the Central Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 (hereinafter referred to as the "CGST Act") on account of the measures taken to prevent the spread of Novel Corona Virus (COVID-19). It has been brought to the notice of the Board that certain challenges are being faced by taxpayers in adhering to the compliance requirements under various other provisions of the CGST Act which also need to be clarified.

2. The issues raised have been examined and in order to ensure uniformity in the implementation of the provisions of the law across the field formations, the Board, in exercise of its powers conferred under section 168(1) of the CGST Act hereby clarifies as under:

S. No.	Issue	Clarification
1.	An advance is received	In case GST is paid by the supplier on advances received for
	by a supplier for a	a future event which got cancelled subsequently and for
	Service contract which	which invoice is issued before supply of service, the supplier
	subsequently got	is required to issue a "credit note" in terms of section 34 of
	cancelled. The	the CGST Act. He shall declare the details of such credit
	supplier has issued the	notes in the return for the month during which such credit
	invoice before supply	note has been issued. The tax liability shall be adjusted in
	of service and paid the	the return subject to conditions of section 34 of the CGST
	GST thereon.	Act. There is no need to file a separate refund claim.
	Whether he can claim	
	refund of tax paid or is	However, in cases where there is no output liability against
	he required to adjust	which a credit note can be adjusted, registered persons may

	his tax liability in his returns?	proceed to file a claim under "Excess payment of tax. if any" through FORM GST RFD-01.
2.	An advance is received by a supplier for a Service contract which got cancelled subsequently. The supplier has issued receipt voucher and paid the GST on such advance received. Whether he can claim refund of tax paid on advance or he is required to adjust his tax liability in his returns?	In case GST is paid by the supplier on advances received for an event which got cancelled subsequently and for which no invoice has been issued in terms of section 31 (2) of the CGST Act. he is required to issue a "refund voucher" in terms of section 31 (3) (e) of the CGST Act read with rule 51 of the CGST Rules. The taxpayer can apply for refund of GST paid on such advances by filing FORM GST RFD-01 under the category "Refund of excess payment of tax".
3.	Goods supplied by a supplier under cover of a tax invoice are returned by the recipient. Whether he can claim refund of tax paid or is he required to adjust his tax liability in his returns?	In such a case where the goods supplied by a supplier are returned by the recipient and where tax invoice had been issued, the supplier is required to issue a "credit note" in terms of section 34 of the CGST Act. He shall declare the details of such credit notes in the return for the month during which such credit note has been issued. The tax liability shall be adjusted in the return subject to conditions of section 34 of the CGST Act. There is no need to file a separate refund claim in such a case. However, in cases where there is no output liability against which a credit note can be adjusted, registered persons may proceed to file a claim under "Excess payment of tax, if any" through FORM GST RFD-01.
4.	Letter of Undertaking (LUT) furnished for the purposes of zerorated supplies as per provisions of section 16 of the Integrated Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 read with rule 96A of the CGST Rules has expired on 31.03.2020. Whether a registered person can still make a zero-rated supply on such LUT and claim refund accordingly or does he have to make	Notification No. 37/2017-Central Tax. dated 04.10.2017. requires LUT to be furnished for a financial year. However, in terms of notification No. 35/2020 Central Tax dated 03.04.2020, where the requirement under the GST Law for furnishing of any report, document, return, statement or such other record falls during between the period from 20.03.2020 to 29.06.2020, has been extended till 30.06.2020. Therefore, in terms of Notification No. 35/2020-Central Tax, time limit for filing of LUT for the year 2020-21 shall stand extended to 30.06.2020 and the taxpayer can continue to make the supply without payment of tax under LUT provided that the FORM GST RFD-11 for 2020-21 is furnished on or before 30.06.2020. Taxpayers may quote the reference no of the LUT for the year 2019-20 in the relevant documents.



	such supplies on payment of IGST and claim refund of such IGST?	
5.	While making the payment to recipient, amount equivalent to one per cent was deducted as per the provisions of section 51 of Central Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 i. e. Tax Deducted at Source (TDS). Whether the date of deposit of such payment has also been extended vide notification N. 35/2020-Central Tax dated 03.04.2020?	As per notification No. 35/2020-Central Tax dated 03.04.2020, where the timeline for any compliance required as per sub-section (3) of section 39 and section 51 of the Central Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 falls during the period from 20.03.2020 to 29.06.2020, the same has been extended till 30.06.2020. Accordingly, the due date for furnishing of return in FORM GSTR-7 along with deposit of tax deducted for the said period has also been extended till 30.06.2020 and no interest under section 50 shall be leviable if tax deducted is deposited by 30.06.2020.
6.	As per section 54 (1), a person is required to make an application before expiry of two years from the relevant date. If in a particular case, date for making an application for refund expires on 31.03.2020, can such person make an application for	As per notification No. 35/2020-Central Tax dated 03.04.2020, where the timeline for any compliance required as per sub-section (1) of section 54 of the Central Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 falls during the period from 20.03.2020 to 29.06.2020, the same has been extended till 30.06.2020. Accordingly, the due date for filing an application for refund falling during the said period has also been extended till 30.06.2020.

4. It is requested that suitable trade notices may be issued to publicize the contents of this circular.

before

refund 29.07.2020?

5. Difficulty, if any, in the implementation of the above instructions may please be brought to the notice of the Board. Hindi version would follow.

(Yogendra Garg) Principal Commissioner y.garg@nic.in